AMENDMENTS TO THE CLAIMS:

1. (Original) A method of forming a P-N junction within a semiconductor substrate, comprising:

forming a coating comprising a dopant over a surface of the semiconductor substrate; and

heating the semiconductor substrate to cause a portion of the dopant to diffuse from the coating into the semiconductor substrate and thereby form a P-N junction within the semiconductor substrate;

wherein the semiconductor substrate comprises a single crystal;

prior to heating, the single crystal comprises a semiconductor that forms the majority of the crystal and an impurity atom that forms a part of the crystal and is distributed primarily within a layer of the crystal adjacent the surface;

the impurity atom has a dose of at least about 1x10¹³ atoms/cm² within the layer;

the semiconductor has an interstitial form; and

at 1000° C, the impurity atom is a faster diffusing species relative to silicon atoms.

2. (Original) The method of claim 1, wherein prior to heating, the impurity atom has a dose of at least about $1x10^{14}$ atoms/cm² within the layer.

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- 3. (Original) The method of claim 1, wherein the impurity atom is fluorine.
- 4. (Previously Presented) The method of claim 1, wherein after heating 90% of that portion of the dopant that has diffused into the semiconductor substrate is located within about 50nm from the surface of the semiconductor substrate.
 - 5. (Original) The method of claim 1, wherein the dopant is boron.
- 6. (Original) The method of claim 1, where after heating the concentration of the dopant within the substrate adjacent the surface is at least about 1x10¹⁹ atom/cm³.
- 7. (Original) The method of claim 1, wherein the coating comprises a silicate glass.

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